



## Summer Assignment AP Psychology

**Directions:** Complete the activities below.

**Academic Integrity:** All work should be completed independently and without the assistance of unapproved resources. Any work violating academic integrity will be subject to a “0” and any additional consequences as outlined in the Knox Academic Integrity Policy attached to this assignment.

**Due Date:** Your work is due the first day of your AP Psychology class. All late work will be subjected to a grade reduction or penalty as outlined in the course syllabus and copied below:

*All major assignments not submitted on the due date will face a 10% deduction of max points per day for up to five (5) days and up to a 50% deduction.*

*Summer Assignments for AP Classes that are not submitted on time will result in the student being dropped from the course.*

If you have any questions or concerns regarding this assignment, please contact the Dean of Academics, Mrs. Pergola, at [dpergola@knoxschool.org](mailto:dpergola@knoxschool.org).

**Directions:** Create a KWL chart that you will refer back to as you work through your AP Psychology class this year. In the K column, list everything that you **KNOW** (or think you know) about Psychology. In the W column, list everything that you **WANT TO KNOW** about Psychology. Leave the L column **BLANK** until you complete the Unit 1 Module 1 activity below.

For each column, list as **MUCH** as you can. In the W column (want to know) you must list at least 15 questions you have about Psychology.

<b>What I KNOW about Psychology</b>	<b>What I WANT to know about Psychology</b>	<b>What I LEARNED about Psychology</b>

## Unit 1, Module 1

*Module 1 introduces the foundations of thought that influenced and directed the growth of psychology. From the earliest philosophers debating the duality of mind and body to the more recent scientific methods of inquiry, psychology has grappled with the question of being, doing, and thinking. This module discusses the key contributions of scholars, philosophers, and scientists across the ages and sets the stage for the remainder of the course.*

Define the following key terms:

1. Critical Thinking
2. Empiricism:
3. Structuralism:
4. Introspection:
5. Functionalism:
6. Behaviorism:
7. Humanistic Psychology

Look up the following key people and make notes on what they are known for in Psychology.

1. Wilhelm Wundt:
2. G. Stanley Hall
3. Edward Titchener
4. William James
5. Charles Darwin
6. Mary Whiton Calkins
7. Margaret Floy Washburn
8. John B. Watson
9. B.F. Skinner

10. Sigmund Freud

11. Carl Rogers

12. Abraham Maslow

**Answer the following questions:**

1. Skepticism, Humility, and Curiosity are the three key components of the scientific attitude. Explain what you think each of these terms mean and why you think they are important to the scientific attitude.
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
  
2. Explain how critical thinking has helped you examine an issue in your life.

3. Psychology was actually started by ancient philosophers and early theorists. Look up the Philosopher's below and make notes on what their viewpoints were.

a. Socrates:

b. Plato:

c. Aristotle:

d. Rene Descartes:

e. Francis Bacon:

f. John Locke:

